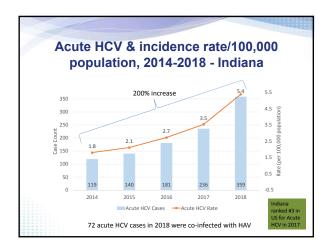
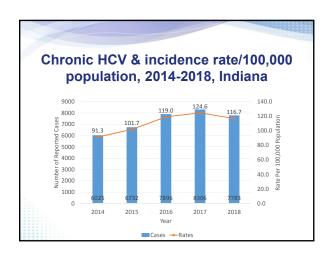
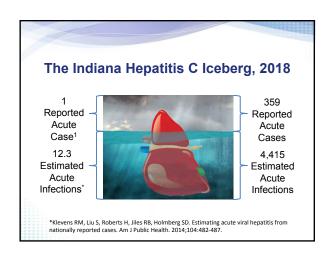


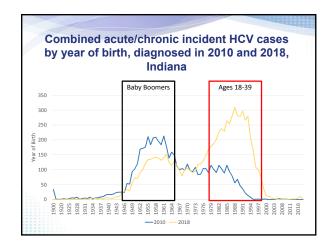
13%

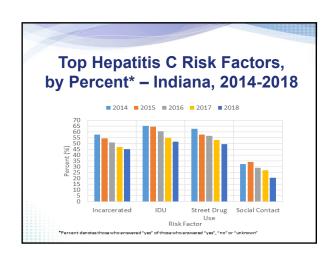
13% of all new cases of hepatitis C cases in Indiana in 2018 were identified in Department of Corrections



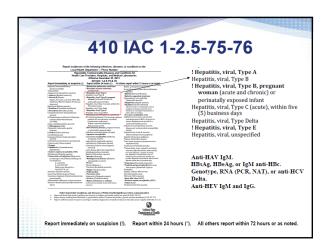


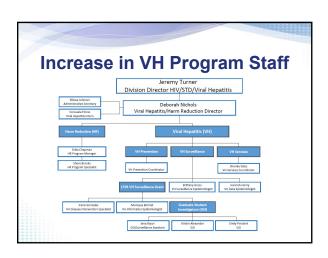






#### **Hepatitis C Lab Reporting** Required Desired All positive screening · Pregnancy status for tests are reportable women of child bearing (antibody including rapid tests) Bilirubin levels · All positive confirmatory ALT levels tests are reportable Symptoms consistent (RNA, Genotype) with VH · Negative antibody results · Negative RNA results





## **Hepatitis C Treatment**

People who inject drugs represent a <u>key population</u> with the potential to sustain the HCV epidemic through continued transmission and thus <u>SHOULD</u> be targeted for treatment

# Barriers to HCV Treatment for PWID

- At the patient level, misinformation about HCV and its treatment and the stigma related to substance use and HCV infection hinder linkage to care and limit patient interactions with the healthcare system
- At the provider level, misguided concerns about reinfection risk and adherence to HCV therapies
- At the system level, limited HCV treatment sites and restrictions on access to HCV therapy

#### **Patient Level**

- At the patient level, innovative strategies are needed to increase engagement in care for PWID.
- Peer support by others who have experienced substance use may be particularly effective at linking and supporting PWID through HCV treatment.
- HCV testing and linkage to HCV treatment in settings where PWID feel comfortable, potentially including sites where they currently access other services.

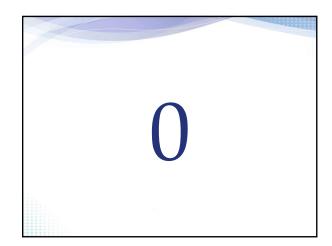
#### **Provider Level**

- Trained non-specialists can independently provide HCV treatment through ongoing collaboration using telemedicine platforms such as the Project ECHO model.
- It is critical to integrate harm reduction such as access to syringe programs into HCV care.

## **System Level**

- Integrate HCV treatment into substance use disorder treatment programs, public health clinics, syringe service programs, community-based organizations, and other sites providing services to PWID has the additional benefit of reducing barriers to HCV treatment.
- Innovative payment models at the system level may also improve treatment uptake..

\*July 1, 2019 FSSA removed fibrosis restrictions for Medicaid patients for hepatitis C treatment



## Elimination!



It's possible.



## Thank you

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